## DISTANCE EDUCATION

## M.Sc.(Microbiology) DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2025.

### First Semester

### GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY

(CBCS 2018 – 2019 Academic Year Onwards)

Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks

PART A —  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 1. Yeast.
- 2. Germ theory of disease.
- 3. Refractive index.
- 4. Moderate stain.
- 5. Disinfection.
- 6. Nucleoid.
- 7. Lichens.
- 8. Capsid.
- 9. Prophage.
- 10. Viroids.

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Write in detailed account on classification of yeast.

Or

- (b) Elucidate the Haeckel's three kingdom concept.
- 12. (a) Describe the general principles of microscope.

Or

- (b) Explain about Gram's staining technique.
- 13. (a) Briefly explain about the bacterial endospores.

Or

- (b) Write the general characters of blue green algae.
- 14. (a) State the structural characteristics of protozoa.

Or

- (b) Elucidate the organelles and structure of eukaryotic cell.
- 15. (a) Summarize the types and structures of virus.

Or

(b) Examine the role of virus in clinical field.

PART C —  $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

- 16. Write a detailed account of bacteria morphology and cultural characteristics.
- 17. Identify the economic importance of algae.

- 18. Examine the life cycle of virus.
- 19. Explain the principles and applications of electron microscope.

20. Classify bacteria based on Bergey's manual.

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### DISTANCE EDUCATION

M.Sc. (Microbiology) DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2025.

#### First Semester

### MICROBIAL BIOCHEMISTRY

(CBCS 2018 – 2019 Academic Year Onwards)

Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks

### PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. How is cholesterol synthesis in *E.coli?*
- 2. Write the properties of monosaccharides.
- 3. Define enzyme.
- 4. What is the chemical nature of lipids?
- 5. How the vitamins are acting as co-factors?
- 6. Differentiate the reversible and irreversible actions of enzymes.
- 7. Important examples of carbohydrates.
- 8. How are complex carbohydrates different from simple carbohydrates?
- 9. What are the types for lipids?
- 10. What are enzymes with an example?

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Describe the major function of cellulose and agaragar.

Or

- (b) Explain the Entner Doudroff pathway.
- 12. (a) Write about the types of lipids and their structure.

Or

- (b) How the enzymes are catalyzed the biological pathway?
- 13. (a) Mention the essential and non-essential amino acids.

Or

- (b) Explain the mechanism of allosteric inhibition reaction.
- 14. (a) Summary report on biomolecules involved in biological metabolism.

Or

- (b) Write the importance of antibiotics from the natural sources.
- 15. (a) How the vitamins are regulating the specific?

Or

(b) Explain the mechanism of induced fit theory.

Answer any THREE questions.

- 16. Write about the function and structure of nucleic acids.
- 17. Elaborate on the classification based on the structure and polarity of proteins.
- 18. Detail about the hexose monophosphate shunt.
- 19. Mention the structural organization of biomolecules.
- 20. Explain the types of microbial toxins and their mode of action.

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### DISTANCE EDUCATION

## M.Sc. (Microbiology) DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2025.

#### First Semester

### MICROBIAL PHYSIOLOGY

(CBCS 2018 – 2019 Academic Year Onwards)

Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks

### PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Batch culture.
- 2. Chemotrophs.
- 3. Synchronous culture.
- 4. Anoxygenic photosynthesis.
- 5. Osmotic stress.
- 6. Oxidative stress.
- 7. Ammonification.
- 8. Mitochondria.
- 9. Phosphorylation.
- 10. Enthalpy.

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Write the importance of chemotrophism.

Or

- (b) Elucidate the reductive acetyl COA pathway.
- 12. (a) Describe the general principles of methanogens.

Or

- (b) Explain about photosynthetic pigments.
- 13. (a) Briefly explain about the glyoxalate cycle.

Or

- (b) Write the general mechanism of oxidative phosphorylation.
- 14. (a) State five points about substrate level phosphorylation.

Or

- (b) Elucidate the significance of anaerobic respiration.
- 15. (a) Summarize the types and mechanism of signaling molecules.

Or

(b) Examine the importance of transport across membrane.

Answer any THREE questions.

- 16. Describe the physiology and economic importance of methylotrophs.
- 17. Explain about the composition of bacterial nutrition.
- 18. Examine the importance of nitrogen cycle.
- 19. Explain the principles and applications of transport across membrane.
- 20. Summarize the environmental importance of anaerobic respiration.

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### DISTANCE EDUCATION

### M.Sc. (Microbiology) DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2025.

#### Second Semester

### MICROBIAL GENETICS

(CBCS 2018 – 2019 Academic Year Onwards)

Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks

PART A —  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 1. Mutagens.
- 2. What is a SOS inducible repair?
- 3. Conjugation.
- 4. Transduction.
- 5. What is tryptophan operon?
- 6. Plasmid.
- 7. Homologous recombination.
- 8. Gene expression.
- 9. Replication.
- 10. Epigenetics.

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Explain about mutagenesis.

Or

- (b) Give a brief note on nucleotide excision repair pathway.
- 12. (a) Discuss the biological role of site specific recombination.

Or

- (b) Explain about specialised transduction.
- 13. (a) Write a short note on catabolite repression.

Or

- (b) Elucidate the properties of plasmid.
- 14. (a) Explain about conjugational mapping.

Or

- (b) Write short notes on transformation by inducing artificial competence.
- 15. (a) Write short note on plasmid amplification.

Or

(b) List the types of transposable elements in detail.

- 16. Discuss about any four repair pathways.
- 17. Write the mechanism of natural competence and transmission in *Bacillus subtilis*.
- 18. Explain about the plasmid and its different types.
- 19. Explain about arabinose operon and its regulation.
- 20. Illustrate in detail about epigenetics.

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### DISTANCE EDUCATION

M.Sc. (Microbiology) DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2025.

#### Second Semester

### MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND rDNA TECHNOLOGY

(CBCS 2018 – 2019 Academic Year Onwards)

Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks

PART A —  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 1. Who discovered DNA?
- 2. Name any three viruses with RNA as the genetic material.
- 3. What is DNA polymorphism?
- 4. Retroviruses do not follow central dogma. Comment on this statement.
- 5. What are the mechanisms of denaturation?
- 6. Who first developed insulin by gene cloning technology?
- 7. What is the meaning of biological responses?
- 8. Define: Ti plasmid.
- 9. What is the unique property of DNA?
- 10. Explain PCR.

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Explain the process of DNA replication.

Or

- (b) What is the difference between heterochromatin and euchromatin?
- 12. (a) Give a reason for the discontinuous synthesis of DNA on one of the parentals stands.

Or

- (b) Explain about the dual polymerase present in E.coli.
- 13. (a) What are the functions of the:
  - (i) Methylated guanosine cap
  - (ii) Poly-A tail.

Or

- (b) Short notes on Lab-on-a-chip.
- 14. (a) What is the use of protein-based nanostructures?

Or

- (b) Describe about the Maxam Gilbert's method.
- 15. (a) Mention briefly about the mapping of human genes.

Or

(b) Describe about the electroporation.

# Answer any THREE questions.

- 16. Elaborate in detail about the definition, methods, and applications of DNA sequencing.
- 17. Describe the definition, structure, vector, pBR322, Ti plasmid.
- 18. Enumerate the structure, function and types of RNA.
- 19. Difference between DNA vaccine and recombinant vaccine.
- 20. Discuss in detail about the principle, components and types of PCR.

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### DISTANCE EDUCATION

## M.Sc. (Microbiology) DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2025.

#### Second Semester

### FOOD AND DAIRY MICROBIOLOGY

(CBCS 2018 – 2019 Academic Year Onwards)

Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks

PART A —  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 1. What is redox potential?
- 2. Define nutrient content.
- 3. What is food preservation?
- 4. Define canned food.
- 5. What is dairy microbiology?
- 6. Define SCP.
- 7. Write the work of amylases.
- 8. Abbreviations of MFPO, HACCP.
- 9. Write the objectives of codex alimentarius.
- 10. List out the microbial food products.

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Explain the gaseous atmosphere.

Or

- (b) Describe the buffering capacity and water activity.
- 12. (a) Write the physical methods of food preservation.

Or

- (b) Discuss the spoilage of fish, egg and poultry products.
- 13. (a) Write the role of microorganisms in food fermentation.

Or

- (b) Write the acidophilus and bifidus milk.
- 14. (a) Explain the industrial production enzymes.

Or

- (b) Write the law and quality control of PFA.
- 15. (a) Explain the BIS Standard act.

Or

(b) Describe the contamination of canned foods.

PART C — 
$$(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$$

- 16. Explain the intrinsic factors.
- 17. Describe the food poisoning and food borne infections.

- 18. Elaborate the manufacturing process of cheese.
- 19. Write the rules and regulations of HACCP.
- 20. Discuss the field investigation, lab testing and preventive measures for food borne diseases.

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### DISTANCE EDUCATION

M.Sc. (Microbiology) DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2025.

#### Third Semester

### **IMMUNOLOGY**

(CBCS 2018 – 2019 Academic Year Onwards)

Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks

PART A —  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 1. Define haematopoiesis.
- 2. What are primary and secondary lymphoid organs?
- 3. Name the different classes of immunoglobulins.
- 4. What is agglutination?
- 5. What is the cytosolic pathway?
- 6. Define peptide in the context of immunology.
- 7. What is an autoimmune disorder?
- 8. What does HLA stand for?
- 9. Explain the significance of stem cells in immunology.
- 10. Mention the role of antibodies in the immune response.

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Differentiate between T cells and B cells in terms of origin, function and structure.

Or

- (b) Explain the role of toll-like receptors in innate immunity.
- 12. (a) Describe the structure of an immunoglobulin and its functional domains.

Or

- (b) Explain the concept of immunogenicity in haptens and carriers with examples.
- 13. (a) Differentiate between T-dependent and T-independent antigens.

Or

- (b) Describe the classical and alternative pathways of the complement system.
- 14. (a) Give short note on antibody engineering and its applications.

Or

- (b) Explain the process and importance of HLA tissue typing in transplantation.
- 15. (a) Write short notes on oncogenes and tumor suppressor genes with examples.

Or

(b) Discuss the four types of hypersensitivity reactions.

- 16. Discuss the structural and functional difference between primary and secondary lymphoid organs.
- 17. Explain how antigen-antibody interactions contribute to the immune response.
- 18. Describe the structure and function of class I and class II MHC molecules.
- 19. Compare the different types of vaccines and their mechanisms of action.
- 20. Discuss the role of human pluripotent stem cells in immunology and their potential medical applications.

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### DISTANCE EDUCATION

M.Sc. (Microbiology) DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2025.

#### Third Semester

### MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY

(CBCS 2018 – 2019 Academic Year Onwards)

Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks

PART A —  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 1. Write any two key safety measures implemented in a well-managed laboratory.
- 2. What are the common transport media used for microbiological specimens?
- 3. How should a urine sample for culture be collected and transported?
- 4. What is the primary disease caused by *Streptococcus pyogenes* and how does it manifest?
- 5. How does *Neisseria gonorrhhoeae* cause gonorrhea, and what are its symptoms?
- 6. What are the major infections caused by *Escherichia coli* and their clinical significance?
- 7. What are the environmental control measures to prevent outbreaks of Gram-negative bacilli in healthcare and community settings?

- 8. Which vector control strategies are used to prevent Japanese encephalitis transmission?
- 9. How do  $\beta$ -lactam antibiotics inhibit bacterial growth, and why are gram-negative bacteria more resistant to them?
- 10. How do polyene antifungals exert their fungicidal effect, and why are they selectively toxic to fungi?

PART B — 
$$(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$$

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Explain Good Laboratory Practices (GLP) and discuss their importance in maintaining efficiency, accuracy and safety in a research laboratory.

Or

- (b) Discuss the standard procedures for collecting, storing and transporting blood samples to prevent contamination and ensure accurate diagnostic results.
- 12. (a) Compare the pathogenesis, symptoms, and complications of infections caused by *Staphylococcus aureus* and *Neisseria gonorrhoeae*.

Or

- (b) Discuss the public health measures implemented to control pertussis outbreak.
- 13. (a) Explain the structural characteristics of acid-fast bacteria.

Or

(b) Explain the pathogenesis of *Leptospira* spp.

14. (a) Describe the progression of HIV infection from acute phase to AIDS.

Or

- (b) Describe the epidemiology and transmission dynamics of SARS.
- 15. (a) Discuss the serological methods (IgM and IgG ELISA) used in detecting Chikungunya infection.

Or

(b) Describe the molecular techniques used in Zika virus diagnosis.

PART C —  $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any THREE questions.

- 16. Elaborate on the microbiological examination of various bodily fluids.
- 17. Discuss in detail about the control measures of grampositive cocci diseases with an example.
- 18. Detailed comment on Yersiniosis its cause, symptoms and diagnosis.
- 19. Illustrate the pathogenesis of the disease tuberculosis.
- 20. Elaborate the classification of antibiotics based on its mode of action with appropriate examples and their mechanism.

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### DISTANCE EDUCATION

M.Sc. (Microbiology) DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2025.

#### Third Semester

### ENVIRONMENTAL AND AGRICULTURAL MICROBIOLOGY

(CBCS 2018 – 2019 Academic Year Onwards)

Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks

PART A —  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 1. Define ecosystem.
- 2. Comment on ecological pyramids.
- 3. Define eutrophication.
- 4. Comment on vermicomposting.
- 5. Write the uses of trickling filter.
- 6. Comment on clay soil.
- 7. What is phyllosphere?
- 8. Write the role of phtoalexins.
- 9. Grassy shoot of sugar can.
- 10. Root rot diseases.

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Write short note on composition and structure of environment.

Or

- (b) Add brief note on food chains and food webs.
- 12. (a) Give an account on primary treatment of liquid waste.

Or

- (b) Briefly explain about mining of copper from low grade ores.
- 13. (a) Summarize the physical and chemical properties of soil.

Or

- (b) Add short notes on nodulation in crop plants.
- 14. (a) Give an account on carbon cycle.

Or

- (b) Write brief note on sulfur cycle.
- 15. (a) Write an account on role of enzyme and toxins in plant protection.

Or

(b) Add a brief note on mosaic disease of tobacco.

- 16. Elaborately explain about eutrophication of water bodies.
- 17. Explain in detail about composting of solid waste.
- 18. Discuss about the secondary waste treatment of liquid waste.
- 19. Describe in detail about molecular aspects of host defense reactions.
- 20. Elaborate about symptoms and management of blight disease of paddy.

### DISTANCE EDUCATION

# M.Sc.(Microbiology) DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2025.

#### Fourth Semester

### BIO PROCESS TECHNOLOGY

(CBCS 2018 – 2019 Academic Year Onwards)

Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks

### PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. What is fermentation technology?
- 2. Define secondary metabolites and provide an example.
- 3. How does dual fermentation differ from single fermentation?
- 4. What is the role of sprager in fermentor?
- 5. What is downstream processing?
- 6. Define chromatography.
- 7. What is crystallization?
- 8. Which microorganism is commonly used for the production of lactic acid?
- 9. What is recombinant protein?
- 10. Name a common antibiotic produced from *Penicillium chrysogenum*.

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Describe the components of a fermentation process.

Or

- (b) Outline the stoichiometry of cell growth and product formation during fermentation.
- 12. (a) Write short notes on aseptic operation in fermentor.

Or

- (b) Explain the principle of submerged fermentation and its importance in industrial processes.
- 13. (a) Describe any two methods for the removal of microbial cells and other solid materials.

Or

- (b) Write down the whole broth processing of cell disruption.
- 14. (a) What are the key raw materials and fermentation conditions used in the production of riboflavin?

Or

- (b) Draw a flowchart for the biosynthesis of glutamic acid.
- 15. (a) Write a brief note on continuous fermentation.

Or

(b) What are the challenges and essential factors involved in the recovery of bioproducts from fermentation?

- 16. Elaborate the isolation, preservation and maintenance of industrial microbes.
- 17. Explain in detail the construction and components of a fermentor.
- 18. Summarize the physical method of cell disruption methods.
- 19. Illustrate the steps involved in the production of citric acid through fermentation.
- 20. Provide a detailed outline of the process for the production of ethyl alcohol and its applications.

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### DISTANCE EDUCATION

### M.Sc. (Microbiology) DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2025.

### Fourth Semester

#### MICROBIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

(CBCS 2018 – 2019 Academic Year Onwards)

Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks

PART A — 
$$(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$$

- 1. What is Single-Cell Protein (SCP)?
- 2. Define algal genomics.
- 3. What is amensalism in microbial interactions?
- 4. What is nematophagy?
- 5. Define toxin.
- 6. Expand VAM.
- 7. What are polyesters?
- 8. What is biogas?
- 9. Define biosensor.
- 10. What is GMMs?

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Explain the hybridization technology used in algae and its applications in biotechnology.

Or

- (b) Discuss the transformation and expression vectors in algae for genetic engineering.
- 12. (a) Differentiate between antagonism and parasitism in microbial interactions, with examples.

Or

- (b) Describe microbial herbicides and their potential applications in agriculture.
- 13. (a) Explain the role of Pseudomonas and Bacillus species as biological insecticides.

Or

- (b) Discuss the production of human growth hormones using microbial biotechnology and its significance.
- 14. (a) Write short notes on microbial polysaccharides and its used in biotechnology.

Or

- (b) Explain the process and significance of immobilization of microorganisms in industrial applications.
- 15. (a) Highlight the environmental and health risks associated with the use of genetically modified microorganisms.

Or

(b) Discuss the various applications of genetically modified organisms in agriculture and industry.

- 16. Discuss the applications of microbial biotechnology in food production, pharmaceuticals, and agriculture.
- 17. Explain the mechanisms of action of Bt cotton and its role in pest control.
- 18. Describe the production and applications of bio compost and biogas.
- 19. Discuss the role of microbial biosensors in detecting environmental pollutants and pathogens.
- 20. Explain the molecular tools used in genetic engineering of microorganisms and their significance.

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### DISTANCE EDUCATION

### M.Sc. (Microbiology) DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2025.

#### Fourth Semester

### BIOINFORMATICS AND BIOSTATISTICS

(CBCS 2018 – 2019 Academic Year Onwards)

Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks

PART A — 
$$(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$$

- 1. Define the operating system.
- 2. Write the role of the gene bank.
- 3. Define multiple sequence alignment.
- 4. What is proteomics?
- 5. Define protein data bank.
- 6. What is genomics?
- 7. Differentiate correlation and regression.
- 8. Define Poisson distribution.
- 9. Write different methods of correlation.
- 10. Write the importance of ANOVA.

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Brief about basics and generations of computers.

Or

- (b) Describe about genomics and sequence analysis.
- 12. (a) Differentiate between the Unix and Linux.

Or

- (b) What are biological databases brief them?
- 13. (a) Explain about the genbank database.

Or

- (b) Elaborate on structural databases.
- 14. (a) Brief about multiple sequence alignment methods and their applications.

Or

- (b) Explain the concept of a mathematical basis of a molecular phylogenetic tree.
- 15. (a) Write about the ANOVA.

Or

(b) Explain about probability.

PART C — 
$$(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$$

- 16. Discuss the various approaches in biological databases.
- 17. Write briefly about the phylogenetic tree construction.

- 18. Explain in detail about biostatistics.
- 19. Explain about regression.
- 20. Write briefly about the importance of statistical software in data analysis.

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